The Circulation of the DAILA APPEAL is larger than that of the Dutly City Press Combined. THE WAR AND THE CHOPS.

There is a set of visionary and enthusiast politicians in the South, who, from the commencement of the present war, and indeed before the breaking out of hostilities, have looked forward with great confidence, to the time when

interfere and reopen the channel of amply. the alluring prospect of a speedy termination of privileges they are determined to secure. the war, and the recognition of our independence. The enemy had became alarmed at the rapid fluttering in the air and the line stretching al as a member of the great family of nations, to movements of Gen. T's command, and brought most as far as the eye could reach along the

our cotten is true - It is libraries true that great when the campaign commenced." distress would ensure from a undien and longcontinued deprivation of the supply. But it is a question, which they will nicely weigh, whather a war would not cruite even greater suffering and distress, before they hasten to involve themselves in our quarrois. The year fact that they have no long delayed to recognize the Confede-France will not interface in the present war in the revenue of the State. America, and all larger of a speedy reising of In the House the bill to suppress, monopolic the blockade, and the consequent liberation of was referred to the Judiciary committee. Bills the cotton crop, are destined to a sad disappoint- were introduced to exempt one negro from exe

We have never been without hope that a contingoncy would arise that might force these powers into a position of hoscility to the United States government. Yet such a result is, to say the most, only probable, and we shall hesitabefore exciting in the minds of our renders expeciations which hinge open a probability so remote, as for anything we know, this may be It is upon no such slonder thread we hang our hopes of carrying the war in which we are now engaged to a specessful issue. We rely, and profer to roly, upon the thong arms and brave bearts of our volumests, whose stord e valor will wreat from the public opinion of the world, an acknowledgement of our title to recognition as a

The auggeston to planters, of the property of developing the principal portion of their lands to the raising of provisions, instead of employing them, as many have bendone done, evelusively to the growth of coston, and in support of which we gave our reasons at length, in a recent article to which you peighber of the Aralanch excepts. times to roles crop after crop of cotton, to the the result of which but been published. to be true as our neighbor wiferes, that England must liquors, with a recommendation from a maand Figures not I our corton and will have it at louise of the committee that the bill be rejected. the cost of a war with the Vanderes, the question | Bills to prevent monopolies and frauds, and comes up sekes will they have it at that price? to prevent cruelty and protect farmers, were read Will it be to morrow, or next day, or next week, the first time. or next morth, or next year? Certainly not fill every expedient has been tried to eke out the decreasing the military bureau bill, and in joint stock on hand, by diminished consumption, by the substitution of an inferior quality as for as possible in the place of the American staple, and

by every means which can be devised. stoesed, the ineritable result will be, a heavy decalle in priges. Our neighbor occurs to hold, as

the bluckade shall be specifily thisel, so as to Confederate States Senator. avoid the precipitation of two crops upon the

on which we cannot and ought not to rely. Let | South] tion and respect of the warid.

city. As extended a will be successful if car Sinte of Tennesses.

dition that they shall be coupleyed at the mouth | Leekhart, and Martin of the Mississippi to a far the neighboring Mr. Martin, of Shalty, offered a resolution waters of the gull. Now tericame which, it is providing for a joint select committee to examestimated, less half a million a day by the ine the report of Joseph Barbiere, commissioner b schade, would be reguld five fold the rest of from the State of Tennessue to the continent of burned State bonds and coupons, amounting to Among the booty they might obtain, if successthe first in less than a mont natural it was brought. Europe, (which accompanied the resolution)

The penegal foreign powers are continuing under a suspension of the rule. ported to be commissioned at Portsmonth, to re the election for Thursday, the 31st inst., and Inforce the West India Squadron, with reference, most probably, to the expected operations on the THE EIGHTEENTH MISSISSIPPI AT LEES- city. All the coal formerly used there came by const of Mexico. Both was learn masted, and ficke. We find in the Richmond Dispatch a sea, and was sold at \$3.50 to \$7.00 per tonare being rigged and stor-dwith the greatest pos- correct list of the casualties in the 18th Missis- now it sells at \$15.00. The Republican calls on sible dispatch. The French government is also sippi regiment at the battle of Leesburg. The the railroads leading to Tennesses to reduce their The Spanish s pushes, which was about to in the Beautegard Rifles-formerly a member of somble price.

g nor energy of Cuba on the subject of the ordinon, and had embed at the standard large of the ordinon, and had embed at the standard large of the ordinon, and had embed at the standard large of the ordinon, and had embed at the standard large of the ordinon, and had embed at the standard large of the ordinon, and had embed at the standard large of the same regiment.

We proposed to be held at the standard large of the same regiment.

We proposed to the same regiment.

We proposed to the same regiment.

Procedular for the past weak, the Peneral force in Non-weak standard in the past weak standard in the past

MOVEMENTS OF GEN. M. JEFF. THOMPSON.

We have seen a private letter from Gen miserson, to a gentleman in this city, duted 23d. In which he states that every day of the evious two weeks had he adventures and hismy. Alluding to the affair of the 21st be says We had a very pretty little fight on Monday. hich will be magnified into a battle. I allowed to gratify the men and try their pluck in an on field, and am more than pleased with their

After the fight the infantry encamped at Inan Ford and Bloomfield. The cavalry wer oved to a new field of labor, under Gen. THOMP- from the sharp temperature accompanying a ment made as to their destination would be in- October sunshine. At an early hour, the fine Seward's reply is very wordy.

out our cotton, should step in and put around to that was originally contemplated. The Big River Manassas. They filed through the Capitol the contest. They argue, not without some show bridge was burned—thus cutting off commenti- Square, saluting the equestrian status of Washof reason, that the course of America has become cation by rail between two important positions ington as they wound around its base, and taka necessity to the European manufacturers, and held by the enemy, Cape Girardesu and Pilot ing the Governor's mansion and the President's Alabama regiments. that a withdrawal of the supply would produce | Enob. The cavalry performed a march of two | house in their way, made their departure by the that a with the ten support and general distress, not to hundred and seventy-five miles within the ten northern suburb amid the cheers of the multisuch state spread and general and the theers of the multisay commercial rain, in the manufacturing in a provider of the first and the movements of armies. This energy shows grey, a fourth of sorrel, and so on; excellent Accordingly they hold up to the public mind what can be accomplished by men fighting for riders, well armed and equipped, in fine drill

be effected, not by the tolds and succifies and out 7,000 men to overwhelm him, Referring to the street, was, indeed, splendid. sufferings of our gallant and herese saidlets, but fight, he says: "We not them with awelve hun-

TENNESSEE LEGISLATURE.

On the 24th, the Senate passed the House bi aseas. There was just 532 of the new comers utitled an act to amend an act to raise and equip a provisional force, and for other purposes

1718, 17 : mys. 4. The bill to define the duties of county court elerks, in recording and refunding bonds, was rate States, wende facto government even, shows under consideration, and was referred, with the the caution with which they will proceed to an pending amendments, to the Judiciary committrome measures. Unless driven to it, by the mad | toe. The bill to prevent peddling was passed urgent and unuroidable necessity. England and over informally, as was also the bill to increase

ation to the heads of families, and to repeal so much of the code as fixed the rate of tax for county purposes.

Mr. Ellis introduced a series of resolution one of which was as follows:

Resolved. That to make sure our decense n of our government, are indispensable, and nie ont ports are blockaded, we must depend pon the agricultural resources of the Confed and States for sustaining both the people and my of the Confederacy. In our opinion, proving it becomes morally the patriotic duty and the best interests of those who do not enrage in the military service of the country, e their heat exertions to provide for the ensu sions. And to that end we would call the a tion of our tesp ctive constituencies through at the State, and especially those who may be agaged in agricultural pursuits, to the importice of seeding a sufficient quantity of their

onity; and we would also call their attention or live stock, particularly cattle, hors, and en the torp former of which are so essential abateing, and the latter for comfortably cloling our gallant troops. The belience of the day was spent in joint sca-

for for the election of Confederate Senators, On the 25th, in the Senate, Mr. McNellly, persone at present, unless there was something from the committee on tippling and tipplingmore than a probability, present or remote, of the houses, reported back a bill to give the people of opening of some onlies to market. Granting it the Sinte the right to regulate the sale of spirit-

The day was almost exclusively occupied in

convention for the election of Senator. eers, civil and military, now in office or hereafter to be elected, to support the Constitution of when to regree the accumulation of cotton in the Confederate States as well as the Constitumore, while there is no sale for it, that when the tion of Tennessee, and upon refusal of any officer block side is opened, the market being over- to take the eath, his place shall be declared va-

The two Houses mat in convention and bal we molecuted him, that a certain amount of cot lound ton additional times for Confederate States ture is receiving to the world's consumption: Senator without effecting an election. The vote Hat is not used the present year the deficiency on each batter for Henry, Ewing, and Carothers must be made up the next. Notwithstanding varied but little from that of the previous day. the consumption may be diminished by reason. On the 26th, in the Senate, Mr. Turner preof high prices, the which will be to drive sented a resolution directing the issue of 29 many to dispense with its use. Just as sexurity ecupon bonds to George A. Washington in lieu of confee has compelled numbers in the South to a resistant bonds belonging to him, which were so it a substitute for the berry, this will make deued by the U. S. government. Laid over. no difference in the end. The coston must be Mr. Dunian presented a resolution requiring the used, and if it is not used the present year, or Military Board to show how many armories are the next me, it will be in quantiles twice or now in operation throughout the State, and how

suspension of the rules. Now, we believe in all cander, unless the The ordinance bill was taken up, and several bi esade is opened before the accommission of amendments were offered, none of which were a other crap equal to the present upon the disposed of. A debate, in which Mesure Bar-

In the House, Mr. Floming offered a resolution

search ourselver, or arthere our independence, not joyed five times for Confederate States Senator, his forces to his old position near Valley Mountains. only of the Yaukees, but of the world. Let us without effecting an elsetion, when Senator Au- rain.

for Henry, 52; Ewing, 25. we althors and most public spirited men of that the Congress of the Confederate States from the dred and fifty miles.

ried out, as it is entirely practicable. It is pro- The House then resumed the consideration of posed to effect a surscription of two millions of the unfinished business of vesterday, being House Bowling Green, Ky , a few days since from dulars, the amount to be expended in the con-resolution providing for a joint select committee Louisiana and Mississippi with seven hundred struction of ten tree cial sneumchips to be used to inquire and report in what manner the very superior double barreled rhot guns and exclusively in date stong. New Orleans, and re- \$5,000,000 appropriated by the last Legislature rides which be procured in those States. He has It is consequently start anys the Delta, after build several superdiments had been offered. The shied to receive every few days considerable ing the steamships, to tender there in the Con- resolution was finally referred to a select com- numbers of these for the use of the Confederate the battle, and again retired to a more secure. Ing the steamships, to tender those in the Con- resolution was along tender, and again retired to a more secure were left on the shore their arm federate government for the war, with the con- mittee of those, consisting at Messes. Kennedy, army. The South is coming up nobly to the place. Gen. Evans, it was stated, had been and surrendered, and this terminated the battle

and report what action on the part of the Logis-POREIGN PORCES IN THE GULF. ture is necessary. The resolution was adopted

to increase their naval force in the gulf. The Senate resolution providing for a convention London Times of the 1st says that the Strong of the two houses to elect a Treasurer and Con-redeemed. holl and the Canticles; were both hourly as troller, was taken up and amended so as to fix

Immated Appearance of the City-Grand Display and Departure of Col. Ransom's North Carolina Regiment of Caralry-Arrival of the Prisoners Tuken at Leesburg - Their Conduct Sevency-five Women Keep a Secret ! RICHMOND, October, 24, 1861.

Our streets have presented to-day an appear once of unusual unimation. The morning was magnificent, softening, as the day advanced, cavalry regiment of Col. Ransom, from North Gen. T. considers his little campaign one of Carolina, nine hundred strong, with one hundred complete success, although in consequence of and fifty led horses, passed from their recent en navoidable accidents, all was not accomplished campment through the town, on their way to the show they made, with their gay guidons

Soon after the dragoons had gone, there we by the simple operation of the laws of compacted deed men, and ofter alghing them two hours, re- an arrival by the Central railroad of a long train Let those who indulge these resease visions of tired in good order. We ambushed them at bearing the prisoners espinish in the recent balthe future, beward lost they excite in the public every turn of the road, cornfield and thicket, the of Lessburg. A very large crawd had gathmind hopes which, in the conf. may prove vant and are here (at Greenville, Mo.,) with more ered around the station, and a guard of two men than we started with, and the whole force hundred soldiers was in attendance to convey The assertion that England and Prance need in one thousand per cent, better spirits than the Yankees to the military juil. A new tobacco netory had been procured for their reception, i the neighborhood of the buildings of a similar haracter occupied by the prisoners from Man-

> There will be 159 more brought down to-mor row, making the aggregate number of Yankees taken at Leesburg, 691. | They were generally well clothed, though a dozen or more were bareoot, having divested themselves of their shoes in he retreat preparatory to crossing the Potomac As a body, they were a hang-deg look, though some bore themselves with propriety; and others ssumed an insolent air of defiance, frequently siving utterance to impudent remarks as they

ng men, all of much dignity of hearing. Col. ed; Federal loss, killed, wounded and prisoners, Les, apparently about 60 years of age, small, well- near 1000. knit, with grizzled whiskers and moustsche, was erhaps the most striking in his appearance of them all. There were two full-blooded Africans in the lot-" niggers in the wood pile "-repreup by two or three feels in the crowd with half of artillery, one from Indiana and one from Mina dozen saucy prisoners in the car-this apart, nesota, arrived at Louisville on the 21st and 22d thousand strong. haps, unnatural, filled the eldewalks as the line of march was taken up for the tobacco factory. but they did not jeer or hiss the interesting captable lands to provide an abundant harvest in tives, far less bad they the disposition to offer custing year to supply the wants of the them personal injury. From one of the officers of the guard which attended the prisoners from

Managas to Richmond, I heard that the fight and been renewed at Leesburg, and there are numers on the street to-day that a fresh body of Hesslans had crossed the river and taken the own, but this is not believed. There would appear to be a strong probability that Lincoln will be at war with John Bull before the Christmas holidays. The recent circular ments at the North to provide a system of coast defeatses on the line of the lakes, and along the sen-board, gives us great reason to believe that affairs are not on a good footing between the

State Department at Washington and Downing street, the more particularly because he opens with a disclaimer that there is any greater danger of a rupture with a foreign power now than at any former time. Indeed, the fact that he goes further than this, and declares that there is weeks ago, is sufficient to convince any one familiar with the double dealing of the Auburn tricketer, that a war with England is imminent Should it come, it is easy to see that the totter ing abolition despotism at Washington will soon fall in ruin the most utter and irremediable. So ar as the Southern Confederacy is concerned, bough hostilities between the Yankees and John Bull would undoubtedly basten the day of our riumph, we really need care very little about it. since we are abundantly able to establish our independence without foreign aid, and mean do it. I must tell you a good joke. An order was eccived here, a few days ago, from the army of the Potomse, for seventy-five regimental flegs

the pattern of the banner, and the short time in which the order was to be filled-in short, all hands of painters, that the two will be worth but your, Lane, Cardwell, Spurlock, Maxwell and about it, was known to everybody the next morn-Harde more than the present one would sell for others joined, followed, pending which the Sening. The ladies of Richmond are realous and ing on the Manassas train. He says he has reto-day in the Leverpess market. But if, as our use proceeded to meet the Representatives in the patriotic, but doos Gen. Johnston expect them signed his brigadier's commission. neighbor seems to adulge the confident hope. Hall of the House for the purpose of electing to perform impossibilities?

providing for a recess of the Legislature from the Gen. Floyd's camp on the 20th, arriving at ment, who was slightly wounded in the arm in tile to the 7th of November, both inclusive, to Lynchburg on the 25th reports that the Federals glow the members to participate in the election have evacuated the entire Kanawha valley, and route for home. He gives no details of interest, Our neighbor cash cutton the "right arm" of for President, Vice-President and members of that Floyd is an route for Kentucky. When he resiliers defense. In the present state of the Congress, which was a lopted under a suspension left, Floyd was encamped in Boone county, and country, it is, at been, but a palated arm, and one of the rule. [This resolution was tabled in the to reach Kentucky had only about thirty miles to murch. Gen. Loring, after sending a detachus not depend upon it. We have the means The two Houses met in convention and half-ment down the Kanawha valley, returned with

wisely use these, so it may not be said we one derson withdrew the name of Robert L. Caruth- A CALCULATION .- The Washington corres ct judependence to the measurement of commerce or . Representative Somervell nominated Wm. pondent of the Boston Journal has ascertained rather than to our own valor and endurance. H. Stephens, of the county of Madison. The by careful mathematical calculation that if the These shall our position challenge the admirationty-second buffet was then had and resulted. Grand Yankee Army of the Potomac were placed in line, with the prescribed distances between A GEG ANTIC DEFENSIVE PROJECT. Gustavus A. Henry, having received a major, the several arms of the service, cavalry four The New Orleans Delta notices a defensive sty of all the votes cast, was declared duly and abreast, and men in files of four, it would reach of bullion to be one million of france. project new under consideration among the constitutionally elected one of the Senators of from Boston to Hartford, a distance of one hun-

for war purposes has been expended, to which perfected arrangements by which he will be ene of Kentucky

KENTUCKY FINANCES .- The Frankfort Commonicoulth states that the board of commissioner of the sinking fund have recently cancelled and one million two hundred and seventy-seven thouposed of \$600,000 of bonds purchased of the Southern Bank of Kentucky, \$151,010 pur chased of other parties, and \$526,040 of coupon

From the Savannah Republican we learn that coal is getting very scarce and high in that

gall to the same quarter, will consist of six scren the Miscissippi Legislature; Jack Petrus, private | FF Randolph Spalding, of Darien, Ga., has burg at twenty-seven killed and one hundred enal pieces of light artiflery, and transportation fri nice, two stes ones of five hundred house being transports and small vessels. A six-opping feeds and small vessels at the sure of the feederal loss is set for a march, with fifteen days' provisions:

| Fig. | Randolph Spalding, of Darien, Ga., has been elected colonel of a new regiment recently and twenty wounded. The Federal loss is set for a march, with fifteen days' provisions:

| Col. Planamer's troops took the road to Jack and twenty wounded and organized at Savannah. T. W. Alexander was chosen bestemant colonel, and Levi J. Knight.

Telegraphic Aews.

Diplomatic Correspondence RICHMOND, October 28.-Lord Lyons has and Exterior-Behavior of the Crowd Toward written a letter to Seward in relation to the arrest Them-Screard's Circular Letter-Probabilities of two British subjects, declaring arrests on of a Har Between Lincoln and John Bull-Can more suspicion unauthorized by law, in violation of the treaty of amity between England and the United States.

Seward answers that both subjects referred to have been liberated after the proofs of their intocence were produced: charges allegiance, and claims the right to arrest and imprison any perox's personal command. Of course any state- white freel, to the genial balminess of the richest son suspected during the impending rebellier

Contributions from the South. Volunteer contributions continue to arrive

con different portions of the South in greater James M. Venable arrived here last Saturda with forty thousand six hundred dollars' worth when the President consented to order Gen of clothing, supplied for the 4th, 9th and 19th

Sporting Intelligence. A race of two mile heals was run on Saturday by Dowell's Exchequer. Time, 3:52 and 3:51.

Affairs in Eastearn Virginia. A feverish excitement prevails at auticipate esults to-day at Aquia Creek, Yorktown and Manassas. Nothing developed. The department have no intellige

tion at these or any other points. A large number of vessels are at Hampton Roads. Their presence is supposed to be in a measure caused by vessels seeking that haven from heavy storms on the coast. A general opinion prevails that we are on the ve of an important action.

Skirmish in Kentucky. Nasuville, October 22.-Two gunbouts landed on Friday night fifteen miles below Eddyville. They set ashore three hundred and fifty

them, killing three and wounding some others. Capt. Wilcox is wounded. Battle of Leesbury. RICHMOND, October 98 - No official report of the battle of Leesburg has been received at the

War Department. Col. Featherston, of the 17th Mississippi regiment, reports that the Federal prisoners taken eased through the crowd. There were two full were 726; pieces of artillery, 4; stands of arms, sionels, Cogswell, of New York, (I think:) and 1600, and a quantity of clothing. The Confedee, of Massachusetts, and twenty two other crate force engaged was 1500; the Federals, omnussioned officers, many of them fine-look. 7000. Confederate loss, 150 killed and wound-

Federal Operations in Kentucky.

NASHVILLE, October 28.—A gentleman who t Louisville on the 22d says that troops from the North are rapidly pouring into Louisville: that Gen. McCook's forces, between Louisville woods to the left, and would attempt to cross rain stood waiting at the station for the guard and Nolin, number not less than 30,000. Three to form, a running fire of compliments was kept regiments from Pennsylvania with eight pieces no insults were offered to the Yankees as far as mand at Elizabethtown. Two regiments from mand at Elizabethtown.

The Cincinnati Commercial of the 22d sava that at least a dozen additional northern regiments will be in Kentucky in the course of the Couriersy Prentice, son of the editor of the Johnston so chivalrously extended to him or Journal, who has been with the southern tooops

at Green river, was arrested at his father's place at the month of Salt river, taken to Louisville Federal Intelligence from Missouri. A dispatch to the St. Louis papers from Fred ricktown, the 22d, says the Federals routed the

reliels under Jeff. Thompson and Lowe. The rebel loss was heavy-the Federal small. The Federals captured four heavy guns. Lowe was letter of Seward, calling upon the State govern killed. Maj. Gavitt and Capt. Hyman of the Indiana cavalry, were killed. Abolition Mob in Indiana.

> Two or three companies of the 43d Indians regiment mobbed the Terre Haute Journal on the evening of the 21st, completely demolishing the Federal Court of Inquiry. A court of inquiry has been ordered, by re-

quest of Commodore Pope, of the steamer Brooklyn, for the escape of the Sumfer through ess danger at this moment than there was a few the blockade at the mouth of the Mississippi.

sapers have information by indirect arrival from Providence, the destination of which is supposed to be Mexico. The feeling at Nassan is nearly unanimous for

the Somb. The Lincoln consul, Whiting, has but few sympathisers. A large Spanish flect is collecting on the coas Mexico, in connection with a land force. Confederate rebels meet with every courtes

at Hayana. Reported Engagement in Virginia. RECHMOND, October 28 - Passengers from vers to be made and forwarded to Manassas in the neighborhood of Winchester state that a ru- Buil Run. forty-eight hours. The schole matter was to be mor prevails of a recent engagement at Romkept a profound secret. So the making of the ney, between seven thousand Federals and five flags was entrusted to seventy-five ladies, who hundred Confederates, resulting in trifling loss were expected to hold their seventy-five little in killed and wonneled on either side; but many tongues for the space of two days and nights at Confederates were taken prisoners. All our the least. I need not tell you that the fact, and baggage and sixty horses esptured. The above

statement is given for what it is worth. tien. Welker Besigned.

Arrival from Leesburg. Capt. A. P. Hill, of the 19th Mississippi regi the battle at Leesburg, arrived this evening en

FARTHER POINT, Oct. 22 -- The steamship North Briton has arrived here, with Liverpool firing, marched in double-quick time to the ates to the 11th inst.

Lord Monck, the newly appointed Governor General of Canada, arrived on the North Briton. The excitement in the Liverpool market con

The Paris Bourse was quiet.

Notwithstanding the anxiety that has prevailed with regard to the crops, the people continued to make investments in English funds. The Bank of France had declared its amount The bullion in the Bank of England had by

reased £17,000 Consuls were 923 5 924. Figur firm. Wheat had advanced 2d.

that the enemy crossed the river subsequent to

TEMPTATION.-The New Orleans Bulletin alndes to the prevalent idea that the enemy are at present without temptation to assail that city. ful, it enumerates twelve thousand bales of cotsand and fifty delbars. This amount was com- tou, a large amount of sugar and twenty millions of specie now in the vaults of the bankers.

Col. Richard Taylor, (son of the late President Taylor, and brother-in-law of President Davis,) has been appointed a brigadier alry. We esptured four heavy guns. Lowe, general of the provisional army, and has been the rebel leader, was killed. Maj. Gavilt and Cost Myses Indian envalry, were killed in a tendered the appointment of quartermaster general at Richmond. Col. Taylor is now at Manassess in command of a Louisiana regiment.

Loss Officially Reported,-Gen. Evans' strengthening on the Motican coart, killed are, Hon J. J. Cooper, a volunteer private freights, and thuk give Savannah coal at a rea- official report to President Davis, gives the loss | The command was composed of the 20th regi of the Confederate forces at the buttle of Lees-11th Missouri, Col. Plummer. They had sev-

Official Report of the Rattle of Manasans of Fredericktown, where the reliefs were reported Gen. BEAUREGARD has made his official reort of the battle of Manassas Plains, on the 21st. of July, and we observe that it is generally com

mended as a document of exceedingly tare merit. It has not yet been published, but we find the following synopsis in a letter to the Richmond Dispatch :

I have been favored with a brief synopsis ortions of Gen. Becaregard's report of the but e of Manassa, which has been forwarded to War Department, and which will doubtle published in a short time. Gen. Beauregare ens with a statement of his position anteco ent to the battle, and of the plan proposed ? rmiss of Shemandonh and Potomac, with a view the relief of Maryland and the capture of the Sity of Washington, which plan was rejected by e President. Gen. B. states that he telegraps I the War Department on the 13th of July of he contemplated attack of Gen. McDowell, cently asking for a junction of Gen. Johnston torces with his own, and continued to make up ent requests for the same until the 17th July

lohnston to his assistance. Gen. Beauragar

enes on to state that his plan of battle assigned

the left at or near Centerville, while he himse

rould command in front; but the condition of he roads prevented this. It was then decided to receive the attack of the enemy behind Bull Run. After the engage ment at Blackburn's Ford, on the 18th, Genera sannegard was convinced that Gen. McDowell rincipal demonstration would be made on or eft wing, and he then formed the plan of throw ng forward a sufficient force by converging road attack the enemy's reserves at Centerville, oon as the main body of the lafter became inso cably engaged on the loa. Late in the day ading that Gen. Ewell, who was posted on the streme right of our line, lead not moved forwar accordance with the programme and the spe ial order which had been sent to him Gen I spatched a courier to Gen. Ewell to inquir e reason why the latter had failed to advance and received a reply from Gen. E. stating he had of received any such order. The enemy's a tack having then become too strong, on the left to warrant carrying out the original plan, as a would take three hours for Gen. Ewell's brigadto reach Centerville, it became necessary to alte eavairy, which murched to Eddyville and sur- the plan, change front on the left, and bring up ounded Captain Wilcox's company while at our reserves to that part of the field. This movement was superintended in person by Gen breakfast on Saturday morning, and fired on Johnston, Gen. Beauregard remaining to direct

At the time when Gen, Kirky Smith and Gen on the right of the enemy, our forces on cennied the cord of the arc of a circle, of which the are itself was occupied by the enemy-the xtremes of their lines flanking ours. The apearance of Smith's and Early's brigades, and heir charge on the enemy's right, broke the ines of the latter and threw them into confusion when shortly afterwards the rout became com-

Gen. Beauregard highly compliments Genera ide)-and now the hero of Leesburg-for th straordinary military aptitude and great gal entry he displayed in his movement from Stor Bridge to Sudley's Ford, after receiving the ene my's first onset at Stone Bridge. Gen. Evan had only about one thousand men, but divining Sudley's Ford, he left at Stone Haden four low red men, and filing of towards the ford at Sud ey's, with 600 men kept the enemy at bay ther or nearly an hour, although in force seven

General Beauregard settles forever the various questions so much disputed respecting this vielding the command of the field efter examin ng and cordially approving the plan of battl nd in the effective co-operation which. Gener

Fairfax, immediately previous to the engagement of the 18th, is the first instance on texas ith the object of giving battle in another pos

n 21st to 27,900, which includes 6,200 of John on's army, and 1,700 brought up by Gener Holmes, from Fredericksburg.

The killed on our side in this ever memorah attle are mated in the report to have been l umber 323, and the wounded 1,200. The enemy's killed, wounded, and prisoner w estimated by General Beauregard at 4.500

thich does not include the missing The report is rather lengthy, and is accomped by another from Gen. Johnston, giving a count of the movements of his army at Wis bester and march to Manassas, also by the rewrite as well as he can fight—that he wields the pen of a Casar as well as the sword of a Wel highest type of a true soldier, and has carne ndving fame. The graceful tribute he pays t is brave troops is well merited, and will ender im more and more to men who are proud t Ily under his standard. It is none the least of auregard's merits that he was willing to e unter an army so much larger and so much rtained the most unfaltering confidence is ops which were as worthy of their chivalri-

I so high-minded an army. The victory of Gen. Evans, at Lorsburg, ha ided new fusier to our arms. All honor to the on troops, whose achievement has infusew spirit into our legious, who pant as it lo a leash, to administer to McClellan as comple Dowell. When the clash comes they will make

The Buttle of Leesburg-Further Par-

emorable once more the new classic

Dr. Geo. W. Stewart, of Madison county list, has placed us in possession of some ding information connected with the battle athered from soldiers who participated. It as ars that a report reached Gen. Evans that the elerals were crossing the river at Edward' erry on Monday morning, and the Elih Mexis ippi regiment was sent down from Leesburg to he heaviest portion of the enemy's forces won ross at that point, the 18th Missyssippi follower It turned out, however, that another place we chosen by the enemy, some two mile eards in width, and not fordable. They crosse n flatboats and skiffs, and the first engageme was between the 8th Virginia regiment and the ontinued with considerable severity for some nours, and the 18th Mississippi, hearing th f action; the 13th remaining at Edward's Fer

ry to prevent the enemy's crossing there and ex enting a flank movement. The grand and closing fight of the day tool are about 4 o'clock, P. M., when the Federal ande a desperate stand outlie bank of the rive in a clear space between two growths of forest our three regiments—the Sala Virginia and the 17th and 18th Mississippi-had the enemy par ally surrounded, forming a sort of semi-circu r trap, from which the victims had no means o cape except by the river, or through the woods ed by some, who were afterward captured. The griding now became terrible. The contending formed that not only fullets and buyonets, but mowered, made an effort to reach their heat which a large number succeeded in doing; but iers were drowned in large numbers. We have o means of ascertaining how many reached the my how many failed in the attempt. Those who ere left on the shore then hid down their are

Federal Account of the Fight at Frederickcon the St. Louis Republican, Oct. 22, The following dispatch has just be a received

headquarters in this city : FIELD OF BATTLE,* } FREDERICKTOWN, Oct. 22, 1861, v. In conjunction with Col. Plummer's command e have routed the rebels under the command of Thompson and Lowe, estimated at five then sand men. Their loss was heavy; ours small and confined principally to the 1st Indiana cav-Capt. Hyman, Indiana cavalry, were killed in a charge on a bettery.

As stated by our correspondent in this morning's paper, Col. Planomer, with 2,500 men, left Cape Girardeau on the 18th, in pursuit of Jeff.

mpson's array:

to be in force, under the command of Jei Thempson and Lowe Maj. Gavitt, of the Is ndiana envalry, with six companies, was dered to the assistance of Capt. Hawkins' inde ident Missouri cavalvy, and having effected nction with him, and finding the enemy in largely superior force, they dispatched a messer ger for additional forces. This was on Wedner

As soon as it could be done, Col. Alexander's lline is 21st and one gun were sent forward by col. Carlin. It was this force that had the en agement with the enemy on Thursday morng, and in which, by drawing them into amsh, a large number were killed, and the rebel-

The same force—and perhaps: a larger unio -from Pilot Knob, must have participated in he buttle of the 21st. Major Gavitt's command,

safety of the Union. FEDERAL CALCULATIONS. THE WAR TO END SOON-WHAT WAS EXPECTED

AT LEESBURG. WASHINGTON, October 20 .- A special to the ew York Tribune says: Two officers, promint in the volunteer service, are suspected of or insubordination, is one of them. Only yesterday, Mr. Seward assured a memer of the diplomatic body that the little affair the southern insurrection would blow over

vithin three months, the ports would all be pened, and peace and prosperity reign. sterday nearly to Fairfax Court House. The aw about half a regiment of rebels and no more hey were at first mistaken by the inhabitants the plans of the rebels. So far as was known the citizens, it was stated that Beaure gard and enterville, on the hights, of which, however, followed there, they would oppose the Union They report no obstructions or barricades on the

It is certain that the rebels have a very small any, force at Leesburg, and are evacuating it together as fast as possible. The same is to f Fairfax Court House, as is re-established reconnoiseance. If there is any line of de ense beyond the old one, it extends toward Applia Creek. The theory that the rebels have flon upon the Rappahannock is unreliable. The courtmental in the case of Col. Meter cets to-morrow at Alexandria. His unquali ed acquirtal is beyond a doubt. A contrabandarrived within General McCall's es vesterday. He reads and writes with facil-

He was attached to the Louisians brigade. The brigade had been stationed near Fairfa: our House. On Wednesday they were all dered to move back to Centerville, where i as currently reported that a stand was to be nade. The cause of the order to move back as the expectation of an immediate attack from McCall and so erent was their haste that they eft large quantities of thour and other pro-

The city has been very quies. The advance of our forces has much dimin and around the hotels. Gen. McClellan's Sun ny order seems to have been strictly enforced It appears that the government, through its uts in England, has purchased a large quantwo blankets, to the extent of at least 300,000, nd that 200,000 more are yet to be purchased. The government was compelled to the exercise of this foresight before the approach of winter,

The reply to the communication of Secretary troops who are to participate in the expedition award, which was addressed some time ago to are Col. Wilson's regiment, that passed through these governments respecting the designs of these powers, has not yet been neareved. Our powerment has all along been assated, both by lingland and France, that they had no object in the large other ports besides New York. Among the nearest through the power of the large other ports besides New York. Among the nearest through the power is the nearest through the power in the nearest through the nearest t

nat place by our troops. Should they attempt a creet batteries there, they will be repulsed by McClellan without delay, and the place protected y a greated of honor, composed of freeps that may be formed of the magnitude of the expedition when it is stated that one of the transports. The advance of the army has rendered it necessary that the bendquarters of the general commanding should be removed to Virginia. kryangements are being made, and it is expected

n a few days Gen. McClellan's quarters, will b n the midst of camps on the other side.

It is said the movements of Gen. McCall at as head of his division toward Leesburg is innded to cut off the rebels. If they have gone in the direction of Harper's erry, as some suppose, instead of fulling back in Manassas—they have most likely done the the enemy in the direction he is now marching.

The Fight at Rockenstle, Ky. The only additional paraculars we have of the at the above point in Kentucky, we find in the sacks, and even hats, charged upon the Yanker following extract from a private latter dated at with howie knives, making the attack with yells

Gen. Zollicoffer had a fight with the enemy on ille and a half. Our men cleared the read for tall a mile under tire of the enemy, who were a high cliff and over-hot. Gen. Zollicoffer annon, but did not hold them in consequence, Virginia regiment, commanded by Col. Eppa with the daily stages of Hanger Ragger & Co. is said, of the enemy getting into our rear, then Zollicoffer fell back to protect his wagon attack this morning. We had five killed and wenty-two wounded on our side, and took about orty prisoners, and it is supposed killed and counded a hundred of the enemy. Some of the risoners taken were from Ohio. The enemy's unber is supposed to have been 8,000 We courier came, though there is a daily line of coners between this point and the general's camp. The Union also publishes the following private

a reliab esource that Captain Rutlege's (first) flict" Yankers showing their faces in the lot smillery was not in the fight at Rockenstle, on Richmond Examinar. the 21st, owing to the country being so broken that they could not got their pieces into position.

bur loss is about forty wounded and ten killed. pilot, who received \$20 for his services; no of construction, several have been hunched and that I can get him. LOUIS VACC prizes were seized this trip. The fifth was ex-tended to Lineport, in this State, Bill Cartoll York, and are now affect. Two of them the Unbeing employed as pilot. She seized two barges addills and Ottawa have been ready for sea some laden with 298 bbls, flour, but returned with days, and the Seneca is nearly ready. The two the barges and flour to Paducab. Bill Carroll, sloops of war, now building at the Brooklyn bars of the pairs and flour for Paducab. Bill Carroll, sloops of war, now building at the Brooklyn bars of round and saddle made on his angineer, are well known by our river men.—

The following the saddle made on his the bars. I will give five delice the pairs. engineer, are well known by our river men. The following is a list of the vessels already me or for any tatermation so that I essentially Nathoulle Gazette.

play, with gentlemen from Western Virginia nigu being regarded as over. They will take tion so as to grard the passes of the mounains and with tolerable convenience to the country from which they draw their supplies. It] said that Cox and Roseneranz have gone to Pennio Kentucky. Our information from Manassas is specific

hat all of the enemy who crossed near Leesburg have re-crossed the river. The only army ou this side of the Potomac is that of McClellan. The aspect between this force and that of Gen. Johnston is unchanged, no movement indicating an immediate battle. Still no advance is comed on at an early day by the enemy in army cir cles. Our army occupies a strong position at fit to indicate at what point battle will be offered to the enemy on his approach. They may rest assured, however, that their progress in Virginia will be "the pursuit of knowledge under many difficulties," and that instead of bringing along champagne and manacles this time, they had better summon all their doughty recruits. - Richmond Examiner, 25th.

INCREASE OF FEDERAL FORCE IN KEN-TUCKY.—We learn from gentlemen who strived in this city vesterday from Louisville that, within the past week, the Federal force in Ken-

Statements of the New York Press The northern press give copious accounts of be preparations for a naval expedition that are cing made by the Lincoln government. The Washington correspondent of the New York Inependent-Beecher's paper-makes the follow-

Heavy bodies of troops are stendily moving own to Annapolis by the railroad, to join a sea expedition, to what point on the coast of course remains a secret. While our citizens were quiety at church this morning, at least thirty pieces fartillery, with all the proper equipments, taken down to the milroad depot, for shipment to Annapolis. One of our most preminent mili the dispatch states, was in the thickest of the tary authorities expresses the opinion that but-fight, and be and Capt. Hyman perilled and lost their lives for the honor of the country and the Missouri, Kentucky, Western Virginia, Eastern

Virginia, and somewhere along the slave coast. The Independent has the following reference to his expedition in its editorial columns: One of the most extensive naval expeditions

in which this country ever engaged is now in preparation, and part of it is already on the way of this fleet has been fitted out at New York, ber several vessels have been prepared at Boston and Philadelphia. The expedition, as it was composed in our harhor a law days since, preinted a somewhat novel appearance. The Balic leaded nearly to her guards, the Atlantic. Vanderbilt, and other occan steamers, all bearing valuable freight, lay in the stream, with gun | Dec fiminutive tug, hid proudly with the war fleet. Saturday witnessed the departure of the Contzaconicos, Caliawba, Roanouke, Empire City Parkersburg, Unsehila, and Atlantic. The 56 Rhode Island regiment was transferred from Fort Hamilton to the Cabawho, and Col. Serrill's engineers were taken on another vessel

During Monday the Star of the South, Ocean Queen, Daniel Webster, Ariel, Arago, Vander-built, Oriental and Khode Island, left their seveal anchorages and sped their way out of port. The first destination of the vessels composing he expedition is Hampton Reads and Annapolis he paval vessels will rendezvous at the former place, while the transports are engaged in taking on troops from Annapolis. It is stated, with some semblance of truth, that there were 15,000 men sent to Annapolis on Thursday. We also learn the Continental Guard, Washington Grey and three other regiments, have orders to je the division at Annapolis. It is, therefore, pr hable that an aggregate force of 25,000 men w be sent off. These will be fully equippe armed in the best manner, and shipped with

The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune writes under date of 15th: For the last eight days a force numbering 50,000 men has been gathering at Annapolis, whence it is to be embarked for active service. allude to this because it is no longer a secret,

s I perceive by the New York papers. The New York Times says of this expedition : The great naval expedition that has been in the course of preparation at this port for some weeks, begins to assume colossal proportions The steamers Cahawba and Contracoa in Saturday evening, carrying the Rhode Island regiment lately encamped at Fort Hamilton sesides a force of experienced surfacen, with heir boats. Yesterday morning the Star of the engineer regiment, previously anneanced as having gone to Washington. This regiment numbers 500 men, all of whom are practical en-

During the day the transports Ocean Queen, Engle, Daniel Webster, Ariel and Oriental also ondon assert positively that neither of these at Annapolis, where it is stated that the number wernments has entered into any arrangement of thoops will be largely augmented, including

s protect their eitizens and obtain reparation above mentioned, are the Wabash, flag ship or outrages perpetrated upon them, and which the gunboats Ottawa and Unadilla: transports It is a remarkable fact that the troops of City, Parkersburg, Ronnoke, Great Republic either army have occupied the soil of Mount stemuships, Augusta, James Adger, Florida, ernon, unless it has taken place within a few Curlew, Alabama, Mercury, O. M. Pettit, besides

> the Daniel Webster, carries little else but water The Buttle at Leesburg. We have obtained some further and intelligent particulars of the late brilliant engagement n our side near Leesburg, and of the extent cliable version of it. They represent our vic-

The Atlantic and Baltic, and others among

he transports, have guns mounted. Some idea

tory to have surpassed even the accounts here-tofore published by us, and to have given a manifestation of the ardent and despeage of our troops, such as seldom has been ex hibited in the history of any campaign. the In the thickest of the fight, the Mississi officis between Gen. Zollicotter and the enemy, hi troops throwing aside their muskets, know

following extract from a private latter dated as of rage and excitement.

The enemy made three distinct attacks upon our line. At one time in the action, for the space of about twenty minutes, the battle raged with has bank that see of Rockerstie river on Man-lay last. I give the account as detailed here by the Jahn Parker of the place, who was in other, and the stunning reperts of musketry Mr. John Purker, of this place, who was in and occasional essays of the enemy to reach us with the boyonet. The attempts to charge bayourts on our line was held in check each when their term came to charge, they rushed into the enemy with a fury that is said to have swept and bring only about three hundred men into the enemy with most indiscribable disorder and Great credit in the action is awarded to the 8th

the enemy on the dank at a critical point of the Gen. Baker is said to have behaved with the most extraordinary gallantry; and the generosity of even his enemy accords the highest praise to the courage and devotion displayed by him in the thickest of the fight. His body was pierce through and through by bullets. He fought on without drawing the least notice to his wounds until, at last, he fell dead by a shot from a Mis issippi rifleman that pierced his temple. CHATTANOOGA, October 26.—We learn from and Germans, but few of the "irrepressible con

Naval Movements at the North.

From the New York Times. The naval recruiting officers continue to do urpose of present information and future refer-nce, we give the following particulars of the ment continues to purchase and fit out vessels rating expeditions of this cruit up the Cumber- and gunbouts and supply-ships, the demand for land river. She has made five trips; the first thus jackets will remain very active. If recruiting for the may were no better than recruiting for and the Treadwater Belle; the around trip she the samp, the nuchorities would have been at a of a columner who is not about from the samp. ame up as far as Eddyville and returned with- dead lock long since, unless drafting or impressout having committed any depredations; the ment had been resorted to. During the last third trip was extended as far as Manuscoth Furthere months there cannot have been fewer than nace, where, by the information given by her 2000 men shipped for the navy in New York

Tunnage, Ginns,

Hillman & Streak Paul Curti Mesers, Sampse In addition to the above, four sloops-of-war and welve gunboats are being built, and will shortly as ready to be launched. We gave full particulars of them a short time ago. The armament of the gunbouts which have been completed so far differ in some respects from what it was expected to be. For instance, the bests are pierced for

The gunbant Mohican will sail from Boston to-day for the South. It is stated that all the Hudson river propollers, acepting the Erastus Corning, have been pur-

welve broadside guns, but have meeived only

THE PEDEBAL NAVAL EXPE- NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE! AT LEPTWICH'S STAT FOR SALE. STEAM ENGINE SAW ND GRIST MILLS, Lies of St Thirk Stoke county, Miles

Memphis and Ohio Railroad Co., FRISHT to NYS OFFICE. PRESSIT ON any to proceed at the two of this company to DAY, freelest 20th, for JAMES TAXABLE 20.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

Memphis and Charleston Ruilroad Co., Pali GH AGENTS OFICE,

THERE will be not related to convert a the Depot of the Montphia and Charleston R threat Company to the product of the Related to the control of the Related to the control of the Related to the Company to the Related RICHMOND THEATER. THERE is come for invest three past 1 - a position at this Theeler - 1 leading is not a layer (1981)

NOTICE.

WOOD WARLEN.

ROPOSALE will be received un a mich of November by supplying the SOUTHERS MOTHERS a good seasoned WOOM during the winner, oply at their Room. NURSES WANTED.

WO GOOD SORES MEN can find employment us N RSEA by applying at the Resign of seconds MADAME VINCENT'S Saloon and Oyster Depot 98 Front Row.

MERRITT & CO.,

Dealers in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods Boots and Shoes, Clothing, etc., etc.

HAVE taken the bosts for ery perspect by Mr. McFaddon-ran MAIN street where they are prepared to ofer on and after MCNDAY, October 25th, a choice stock of people detailming of Brown and Bleached Domesties. White and Plaid Linseys, Cassinteres and Vestings, Rerseys and Satincts. Flannels and Brogan-

Mud and Grain Boots, eic., etc. of this foresight before the approach of winter, as no blankets could be got in this market, all the flort will probably leave to-day. The transplant of the supposed that everal speculators the flort will probably leave to-day. The transplant of the supposed that everal speculators are supposed that everal speculators are supposed that everal speculators are supposed to the supposed to the supposed that everal speculators are supposed to the supposed that everal speculators are supposed to the supposed to the supposed that everal speculators are supposed to the suppose

W. B. MILLER & CO.

NO. 197 MAIN STREET. HAVE RECEIVED.

Osnaburgs,

400 Cotton Yarn. Hoop Skirts,

Black Silk Velvet, Fine Wool Shawls And other useful Commodities.

Winter Arrangement.

O'S and office Meaning to the Testille on the free place free and Property Tests will be a wearing the place at 7 O's elect at it, now there as it may not arrive as Madison at 11 at M; free Medican at 11 at M; free Medican at 11 at M; and he

Van Buren.

Thus to Little Rock, Schours. Tighter our be obtained at the Hopefield effice. or2) D. H. Western Superimend-WANTED.

A SMART, neutre LAD, in a dry gnote star-None but these with good renowns med apply Also, three or four COUNTERS, for a more statle or TO THE FAMILIES OF VOLUNTEERS. I With he at the Sh-rif collect every Welnesday and Saturday hereafter, to make deciders in the Tax Collector for the monte the state from by

The Commissioners of each Ward at it each Civil Dis-

STRAYED,

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Significant corner Herrando and routh as DEARING & WETHERILL

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Sulphuric Acid, Gold Leaf. Mercury. Garret's Snull, toncentrated Lyc. Cigars, Linseed Oil, Palm Oil, Sewing Machine 611.

Artesian Well Water. Bathing Sponge, Epsom Salis, Sal. Seda! DEARING & WETHERILL

FOR REAT, PINE BESIDEN F, with these Acres of

was steamer Leve. One thousand five hundred for Cuba, was in the first Monday that the Screen of Course the purpose of adopting some properties deposited by the 15th of October and the officers who are to provide the natural form of the purpose of adopting some of the command of the officers who are to provide the officers who are to provide the officers who are to provide the natural form of the purpose of adopting some of the command of t As Pare & Alexander's